# Automated Generation of Planar Geometry Olympiad Problems 

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## Motivation

The International Mathematical Olympiad is the most prestigious mathematical contest.


## http://imo-official.org/

- 100+ countries
- 600+ participants
- 6 difficult problems
- 2 planar geometry problems
- Writing these problems is:
- Difficult
- Time-consuming
- Requires years of experience


## Main challenges

- Very little prior work in automation
- Multitude of possible problems
- Only a minority of them is suitable
- No universal way of recognizing them


## Methods

1. Generation of geometry problems

- Complex algorithm with efficient memory usage
- Allowed for arbitrarily long-running experiments
- Formally proven to be correct

2. Filtering unsuitable problems

- Ulitizes geometry theorem proving methods
- Filtered out $95 \%$ of the easy problems in the performed test-case experiment

3. Ranking of the remaning problems

- Heuristic ranking system
- 4 rated aspects selected based on the author's years of experience in writing geometry problems


## Implementation

- C\# .NET Core 3.1
- No external libraries for the main logic
- Visualization via MetaPost and TeX
- https://github.com/PatrikBak/GeoGen


## Results

- Tested in long-running (40+ hours) parallel generations ( $45,000+$ CPU hours)
- More than $\mathbf{1 0 0} \mathbf{0 0 0}$ problems
- 5 problems proposed to the International Mathematical Olympiad 2020
- 1 problem accepted to the Czech-SlovakPolish Match 2020
- 4 problems accepted to the Czech-Slovak Olympiad 2020


## Accepted problem



Let $A B C$ be an acute triangle. Suppose that points $D$ and $E$ lie on the side $B C$ such that $D$ is between $B$ and $E, A D=$ $C D$, and $A E=B E$. Point $F$ is a point satisfying $F D \| A B$ and $F E \| A C$. Prove that $F B=F C$.

