Activity-based Search Session Identification

Samuel Molnár, Supervisor: Tomáš Kramár

Motivation

- > Finding search goals
- > Identifying similar queries
- > Knowing user intent
- > Recommending results
- > Personalizing search

User Model

- > User's activity
- > Shared results and their position
- > Clicks on search results
- > Dwell time on web pages

Method

- > Time as feature
- > Lexical features
- > Our user model as feature
- Machine Learning model using SVM

Data & Results

- Our method is ~ 8% more accurate than widely used time methods
- Collected unique dataset with explicitly annotated sessions by users



users

464 sessions 2k queries

18k pages

Annotation Study

- Annotations performs worse than time methods
- Annotations depend on domain knowledge
- > Mutual agreement on annotations is weak

Søke

- > Our search engine
- > Open Source project
- > Platform for annotated search log acquisition
- > Explicit annotations by users



